-WHEELING, VA:-WEDNESDAY MORN., SEPTEMBER 8, 1852.

FOR PRESIDENT. WINFIELD SCOTT. FOR VICE PRESIDENT. WILLIAM A. GRAHAM.

Electors at Large.

WILLIAM B. PRESTON.

JOHN M. BOTTS.

Whig Electoral Ticket.

IST DISTRICT—JOHN R. ELIBY, of Namemond,
2ND DISTRICT—EDW. R. CHAMBERS, of Mecklenburg.
3RD DISTRICT—EDW. R. CHAMBERS, of Mecklenburg.
3RD DISTRICT—HOMAS S. FLOURNOY, of Halifax.
4TH DISTRICT—H. H. MARSHALL, of Charlotte.
5TH DISTRICT—H. ELIZANDER RIVES, of Albermarie.
6TH DISTRICT—WILLIAM C. SCOTT, of Powhatan.
7TH DISTRICT—WILLIAM C. SCOTT, of Powhatan.
7TH DISTRICT—ROBERT MAYO, of Westmoreland.
9TH DISTRICT—ROBERT MAYO, of Fairfax.
10TH DISTRICT—ALEXYR. R. HOTELER, of Jefferson.
11TH DISTRICT—JOHN ECHOLS, of Montroe.
12TH DISTRICT—JOHN ECHOLS, of Montroe.
12TH DISTRICT—JOHN J. JACKSON, Jr., of Wood.
15TH DISTRICT—JOHN J. JACKSON, Jr., of Wood.

#### THE WHEELING

# WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER.

Is published in connection with the DAILY and TRI-WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER,, con-

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SWEARINGEN & TAYLOR. 21 Water Street, between Monroe and Quincy, WHEELING, VA.

### Dr. Olds, of Ohio.

It was our misfortune to be absent when this distinguished and able advocate of the Bridge question passed through our city on his way home, and we had no opportunity of seeing the savior of the Wheeling

While we cannot approve of the general political principles which actuate his course, yet we should be wanting in common gratitude even, did we not unhesitatingly award to him the mead of praise, which is due to him for having rescued our noble structure from the vandal aggression which sought to overthrow it. While this question had many and able advocates, while the great body of both Houses saw, and determined to avert, the destruction contemplated by our jealous neighbors; still it is to Dr. OLDS that we must award the credit of having been the first to fix the attention and convert the judgment of both Houses, by his masterly and able report as Chairman of the Committee of Post Roads, &c. From the moment that report came into existence. we regarded the law lately passed, as a foregone conclusion. As an able legal argument, reviewing the positions on which our claims to Congressional legislation rested, his report is unanswerable and conclusive, and had Dr. OLDS no other claims to public notice, that report alone would entitle him to the highest position as a far seeing statesman. No matter what may be his political course, and that it is too violent we must be permitted to say, still his noble devotion to the preservation of this great work of art and usefulness, his constant and unremitting efforts in its behalf. at every juncture; entitle him to receive, as we doubt not he will receive, the gratitude and support' of all men of all parties in his own state and elsewhere, who feel and appreciate the importance of fostering and protecting the great works of improvement, which are destined to bind together and connect more strongly, the common intersts of our common Union.

### The Religious Test in New Hampshire.

We publish below the resolution of the Whig Convention of New Hampshire on he is claimed to be at home, and if he is in and respectable portion of our people, why at home, to serve in Congress. is it that he has not controlled and guided

in fact, as they are in profession, equal to English Mormons. In the same city, on the 21st all. The Whigs at least, have been clear ult., Carl Glasser was killed by a blow inflicted, at of this iniquity, as the votes on the Constitutiou abundantly prove. Let the Dem- his escape. Subsequently, a mob attempted to ocrats of New Hampshire join them, and tear down the house, which was occupied by a blot the foul discrimination from their Con-

WHIG STATE CONVENTION IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.—
The Religious Test Denounced.—At the Whig
State Convertion in New Hampshire, held in Concord on the 1st inst., for the nomination of Presidential electors, Governor, and Railroad Commissioner, the following was among the resolutions
which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we believe it to have been the design of the founders of the government, to make America the asylum of the oppressed, but never to the subversion of its distinctive character—that it be the refuge alike from religious and political oppression, and that within its boundaries civil privileges should be unabridged by religious opinions; therefore we, the Whigs of New Hampshire, are,/as we always have been, decidedly in favor of blofting the religious test from our State Constitution.

We publish to-day the letter of Daniel Kneed ler, who served under Gen. Scott in Mexico. His tertimony is disinterested, a he cannot expect to be "place man," and we doubt not that he speaks the sentiments held by the great majority of the ommon soldiery, who served under our gallant leader, and who see him and know him as he was, and who have none of the interested motives which, too often, influence those of a higher grade, who are too much absorbed by self to do impartial justice to their great leader. We have never yet met with a soldier of the army of occupation, who uttered a word in disparagement of the military and private character of Gen. Scott. There are many of them who oppose him, but who do so solely on the ground of political differences of opinion; but long; the hour hands 44 lbs. each, and 54 feet who, at the same time, like the generous Quitman, give to their great and noble commander all praise figures are 2½ feet long. The bell that strikes the and credit, alike for his public and private character. Of such, we have no right to complain. They but exercise their rights in so doing, and we only regret that the Democratic press does not more generally follow their example and quitting the slimy and inky proof of detraction and defamation; war for principle and it only. We ask for this letter a candid perusal by the people, that they all point in one direction—the liberation of Cuba. may see how and what Scott was to the poor sol- The number enrolled in its various branches at diers of the line. They, at least, know him, and i the arbitrament were entrusted to them alone, we would see at once the most perfect acquittal of their General, from the foul charges sought to be cast upon him by a hireling press and vindictive

### For the Intelligencer.

The statements of some of the opponents of Gen scott, respecting his arrogance, aristocracy, and exclusiveness, are so utterly unfounded and unjust to his noble character, that I cannot, though a Democrat, refrain from detailing a slight incident, to which I was a party in the campaign in Mexico. I was in the entire campaign, from the bom pardment of Vera Cruz to the taking of the Capi tol, and have had every opportunity which a sol dier could have, to know his character, and the estimation in which he was held by the whole body of blow out your brains like a candle, py tam!" the soldiery, and I hesitate not to say that there was not a high-minded and honorable soldier in party of pretty girls, told them-'You are small derogatory to the military and generous character of them, but we are siceet ones.' of Scott. He was admired by all, beloved by all, and the soldier, who, in that campaign, would have uttered a word derogatory to our General, would have been scouted at by his company. I was a member of Light Company G, Flying Artil- the use of the Sardinian government. lery, Capt. Duncan, Twigg's Division, and was engaged in every conflict, except Churubusco, to the taking of the city. At the battle of Contreras, it was my fortune to be in the column which retook the two 6 pounders which had been taken from Capt. Washington's Battery, at the battle of Bueupon their late masters. I received a shot in my thigh, which entirely disabled me for the time, and my company were forced to leave me in their onward attacks. After the battle had been concluded, and the victory had been won by our conquering columns, I endeavored as best I could to regain my column, which had pressed forward to the field of Churubusco, the haste of the consecutive battles of the 20th August, not having allowed of their providing for the dead and wounded. After the most painful efforts on my part, to each some portion of the advancing column, prompted as I was to almost superhuman efforts from the danger of being exposed to the guerillas, who infested the rear of our army, I made my way to a field of corn, bordering on the field of battle, and finally sank almost exhausted, near a stone wall, which was raked by Riley's (the deserter) battery. In this trying situation I was about giving up all further effort, and resigning myself to fate, when my attention was attracted by the approach of a lone horseman, on the opposite side of the fence, who immediately, upon seeing my helpless situation, came to my relief. He dismounted from his horse and assisted me over the fence, and restime I was relieved and placed in safety; and thus was I indebted for my life to Winfield Scott, the diers of the army of Mexico can relate of their kind, humane and great leader. Every moment he spent in the vicinity where I lay he was exposed city. to the raking shot of the base deserter, yet he

AMERICAN BOARD OF MISSIONS .- The debt of the american Board has been paid off by a subscription for that purpose. Among the sums collected in New York and Brooklyn are the following:-Anson J. Phelps, \$2,500; Anson G. Phelps, Jr.; 8750; O. E. Wood and others, \$400; C. P. Baldwin and others, \$300; W. E. Dodge, W. W. Stone, Wm. G. Bowers, James Boorman, R. Bigelow, W W. Chester, M. T. Newman and R. T. Haines \$250 each: Mrs. Boorman, \$150; and several others \$100 and \$50 each.

the banner of their leader, who has so often led

them to glorious victory. In the army we heard

of Pierce, but never knew him. He was never

with us on the battle field. He may have great

qualities and he may not. For myself, I shall

support the man, whom I know to be great, who

DANIEL KNEEDLER.

whom I shall be at the polls in November.

IT The plaining mill, sash and blind factory of Messrs. Crist, Brown & Co., at Portsmouth, Dauphin Co., Pa., was destroyed by fire last week.

### Editorial Gleanings.

THE DEMOCRATIC REVIEW urges the plan of selecting the ablest men of a State for Representathe subject of the Catholic Test Question, tives in Congress, &c., whether they happen to rein order that the public may see and know side in the district or out of it. The Tribune enwho are in fact the men who would fetter dorses the same view. It is the system in England, and measure political ability by religious opinion. If Gen. Prence is the great man

opinion. If Gen. Pierce is the great man ry. It will be an up-hill business, for the Review to introduce a change in this respect, as each fact opposed to this restriction upon a large district will think it has men of sufficient ability MURDER AT ST. LOUIS AND NEW ORLEANS,-A the action of his party, and caused them to man named Abraham Oliphant was murdered at unfetter freemen, and let our institutions be St. Louis, a few days ago, by Wm. Goodwin, who

a house of bad repute, by Jas. Wood, who made woman named Mary Cross. Jas. Cassidy, keeper of an oyster saloon at New Orleans, was killed on the 23d ult., by a stab inflicted by a young clerk named R. Gallagher, who was arrested.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVENTION at Chilicothe is set lown for the same day, the 8th, as our State Mass Convention in this city. There are undoubtedly many who will desire te attend both Conventions, but as the former continues in session several days, of the founders of the government, to make any persons desiring to do so can be present with us on Wednesday-take the packet at 6 o'clock the same evening, and be in Chilicothe on Thursday morning .- State Journal.

WEEDS .- It would be an inieresting inquiry to look into the actual losses sustained through the whole country, by the growth of weeds. How many tons on an average are grown by each of the million farmers of the U. States! Three-five-or ten? If the former only, the aggregate crop would be enough to load a continued train of farm wagons, three thousand miles long-or twenty thousand canal boats-or, more than ten times all the whale ships belonging to the country-with this useless herbage. A single weed-the Red Roothas been estimated to have occasioned greater loss in some counties, than if every dwelling-house had been consumed by fire. Is not this subject one worthy of some attention?

ST. PAUL'S CATHEDRAL, in London cost \$7,-000,000. The clock in the tower has a pendulum 14 feet long, the weight at the end 112 lbs., the minute hand 75 lbs., each on four dials, and 8 feet long. The dials are 10 feet in diameter. The hour is heard 20 miles in clear days, being 10 feet in diameter, and 41 tons. Ir is tolled on the death of the Dean, Lord Mayor, Bishop of London or a member of the Royal family.

THE CUBA MOVEMENT of the Lone Star Society is going forward. An air of mystery is thrown over the great end of their organization; yet indications present is said to be fifteen thousand,

EMIGRATION TO AFRICA .- The agent of the Virginia Colonization Society reports one hundred and seventy-three free born persons of color, and eighty slaves, emancipated in 1850 and 1841, are preparing to emigrate in the November expedition from Norfolk.

Mills M. A. Dixon, recently connected with the Baltimore Female College, has been elected Principal of the Institute for Young Ladies at East New Market, Dorchester county, Md. Miss A. M. Lewis, of West Chester Pa., has also been chosen her principat assistant. PROFANE SWEARING .- The most amusing man in

the world is a Frenchman in a passion. 'By gar, you called my vife a woman three several times once more, an' I vill call the watch house, and An old bachelor having been laughed at by a

the whole army, who could or would say a word potatoes! 'We may be small potatoes,' said one CUMBERLAND COAL .- As a new feature in the Comberland coal trade, the Miner's Journal states that there is now at New York, a vessel from Ge-

> noa, waiting for a cargo of Cumberland coal, for A DANDY with a cigar in his mouth, entered a menagerie, when the proprietor requested him to

take the weed from his mouth lest he should learn the other monkeys bad habits. FRANKLIN says a poor man must work to find

na Vista. While engaged in turning these guns meat for his stomach; a rich one, to find stomach for his meat.

PICKPOCKETS may be called genuine metaphycians, since they deal altogether in the science of abstraction.

THE Lynchburg Virginia, n states that Mr. J Dickens, of Pendleton county, Ky., after three years study, has discovered the principle of perpetual motion. M. Dickens has written on to Congress and steps will soon be taken to apply it to machinery. He has been offered as high as five undred thousand dollas for his discovery, but rould not sell .- Ex.

Pshaw! Perpetual motion is a perpetual hum-

DUEL IN NEW JERSEY .- The New York Sun ives an account of a duel which was fought on Wednesday, in New Jersey, by Capt, Stone, of Santa Fe, and Mr. Townly, of New Bedford. The alleged cause of the quarrel was some insult offerby Mr. Townly to a cousin of Capt. Stone, who demanded an apology on Tuesday evening, at a heatre in Broadway, which being refused, the captain knocked Mr. Townley down. Thereupon, Mr. Townly sent his "friend," Mr. Groome, with cued me from the very jaws of death. In a short a challenge, which was accepted and in pursuance of which the duel was fought. The name of the captain's second is said to be Slanton. Three officer who came alone to the post of danger and shots were exchanged, and Mr. Townly was woundrescued a helpless soldier of the line. This is but ed in the hip and shoulder while the captain esone of the many incidents which the generous sol- caped with a bullet through his hat. A surgeon, who accompanied the parties, dressed the wounds, and the duelists and "friends" then returned to the

CURIOUS EFFECT OF FASHION ON THE SENSES .paused not, faltered not, but then as ever, he pro- When the Paine's Patent Ventilating Car was yed himself the humane and gallant leader whom first put in operation on the New York and New the soldiers will remember in his hour of need. I Haven Railroad, the ventilating vessels, in honor of am a Democrat; I have never given a Whig vote, the commencement of the experiment, instead of but if I can get to the polls I will give my vote for water, were filled with perfumes, cologne, patchhim whom I have tried in the hour of need and oule, jockey club, bergamot, &c. Of course, the found my friend. He was ever ready to do his air came to the passengers laden with these luxuriduty in the hour of battle in Mexico, and the sol- ous odors. But they, not being biased by a knowdiers of the army of occupation will in their turn ledge of the secret and not accustomed to expect do their duty in November, and rally again under fragrance in express train,s unanimously protested against "that very disagreable smell."

The only point to be settled is whether the fashionable or the railway estimate of the perfumer is the correct one?

THE GOLDEN RULE.—A distinguished writer support the man, whom I know to be great, who says that there is but one passage in the Bible was with us and of us, and with whom and for where the girls are commanded to kiss the men, and that is the golden rule. "Whatsoever ye would that men should do unto you, do you even so unto

> TA modern philosopher, taking the motion of earth on its axis at seventeen miles a second, says, that if you take off your hat in the street to bow to a friend, you go seventeen miles bareheaded, with-out taking cold.

TUpwards of 3,000 head of fat hogs have been shiqed, from Dayton, Osborn, and Enon, Ooio: during the past three weeks, destined for New York. They go by the way of the mad river and Lake Erie, and New York and Erie railroads.

BrJohn McCauly, Esq., of Luzerne county has been appointed by the Pennsylvania Canal Board, Despatcher at Columbia.

The Whig Cause in Virginia.

of her cherished principles? Organize-act. Let

our citizens all stand up for the principles of their

party, go hand in hand with their brethren of the

"I have but little doubt that a majority of the otes of this county will be cast for Scott and Gra-

"We believe that Scott will get considerably

PUTNAM C H, Aug. 21, 1852. "This county will give the Whig ticket a ma

"You may expect a Whig majority of 300 for

THE NEW STEAMBOAT LAW .- TIME OF GOIN

NTO OPERATION .- The law, which was passed at

he last session of Congress, to provide for the 'better

ecurity of the lives of passengers' on board steam

essels, contains the following section not men-

tioned in the abstract of it published in the Sun

several days ago:
SEC. 43. And be it further enacted, That all

such parts of this act, as authorizes the appointment and qualification of inspectors, and the li-

censing of engineers and pilots, upon the passage thereof; and that all other parts of this act shall go into effect at the times and places as follows:

n the districts of New Orleans, St. Louis, Louis

It will be seen that the exact meaning of the first

clause of this section is somewhat obscure, in con-

sequence, we presume, of the omission of the

words 'shall go into effect' after the word 'pilots.'

above section, contains the amendments made in

Jenny Lind dispensed her delicious tender

The Supreme Ecclesiastical Council in Prus-

sia has forbidden the Protestant clergy to admit Ir-

vingites to the sacerdotal rites.

ore than the party vote of this county."

PARKERSBURG, Wood co. Aug. 25, 1852

Logan, C. H. Aug. 23, 1852

LIBERTY, Bedford, Aug. 13, 1852

From the National Intelligencer.
THE NEW POSTAGE LAW THE NEW POSTAGE LAW.

The subjoined Postage Tables have been prepared at the Post Office Department, and are believed to be correct.—We are, however, requested to say that it is expected the United States and Prussian Postai treaty will be returned executed in the course of a few days, when a general Postage Circular, with more full instructions, will be prepared and sent to Postmasters. In the meantime we begto suggest that editors and newspapers will render a public service by placing these tables before their readers. From every part of the Old Dominion, we have he most cheering prospects of success. We copy from the Richmond Whig, reports from various quarters, all showing that the Whigs of Virginia will do their duty in November. Whigs of Wheeling, what are you doing? Shall the banner county be wanting in her duty and devotion to the success

Har an a

Rates of Postage on Printed Matter.
Rates of Postage to be charged upon Newspapers, Periodicals, Books, unseaded Circulars, and every other description of Printed Matter, transient or otherwise, from and after the 30th September, 1852.

party, go hand in hand with their dictines of casting her electoral vote for her distinguished son;  Patrick C. H., August 17, 1852.  "I regard Scott's prospects as 'particularly bright' here, and we intend rolling up a round majority in November."  Pruntytown, Taylor Co., Aug.—1852.  "In our county the Whigs will do their duty.—We intend to give old 'Fuss and Feathers' the largest majority a Whig candidate for the Presidency ever received in our county. Old, and heretofore regarded as uncompromising, Democrats, say they will vote for Scott. I have not heard of one man who voted for Taylor, who is not going for Scott."  Fairmount, Marion Co, Aug. 18, 1852.  "We are getting along very well here, and will furnish our fair proportion of the votes to carry Virginia. Handreds of voters who have heretofore voted with the Democratic party, will go for Gen. Scott. " * * You may say to our friends,	where published monthly or offener, and pamphlets not containing more than sixteen octave pages, when sent in single packages to one address and prepaid by postage stamps. Books, bound or unbound, not weighing over 4 lbs. for any distance under 3,000 miles, prepaid For any distance over 3,000 miles, prepaid Transient newspapers, periodicals, &c., sent to any part of the Uhited States not prepaid	Newspapers, periodicals, unscaled circulars, or otherarticle of printed matter, (except books,) when sent to any part the U.States.  Newspapers and periodicals, when circulated in the State		TATRITY  INICIAL  SAME AND
that if other parts of Va. do as well as Northwes- tern Virginia will do, we shall carry Virginia for	T	1	Cts	Weighing one ounce or under.
Gen. Scott by thousands.'	100	i	Cus	Over 1 ounce and not over 2 ounces.
Hor Springs, Bath co., Aug., 13, 1852. "Whig prospects were never better in this sec-		O TA	Cts.	Over 2 ounces and not over 3 ounces.
tion of the State, than they are now. So far as I	1 1 -	Z DEC	Cts.	Weighing not over 11
cote as a unit; and we shall carry a considerable Democratic vote for Scott, which has never before			Cts.	Weighing 3 ounces of under.
been given to any Whig candidate."	40 4	10	Cts.	Over 3 ounces and not over 4 ounces.
Fellowsville, Preston co., Aug., 10, 1852.  The gallant North-west is up and doing her du-	6 56	.	Cts.	Over 4 ounces and not over 5 ounces.
ty. We are determined to stand up to the son of	s 55	şia	Cts.	Over 6 ounces and not over 6 ounces.
patriot, statesman and pacificator. The fifteenth Congressional District of Virginia will roll up such	5 E.,	6	Cts.	Over 6 ounces and not over 7 ounces.
a vote for old 'Fuss and Feathers' in November	15 15 cs	.	Cts.	Over 7 ounces and not over 8 ounces.
next, as will astonish the Locos."  Leesburg, Loudoun co., Aug. 87, 1852.			Cts.	When weighing at least 8 ounces.
"Loudoun's first choice was Fillmore, but our friends need not fear that we will prove recreant	Z 30 #	-1	Cts.	Over 8 ounces and not over 9 ounces.
to our faith. We go for principles, not for men;	16 90 6	8	Cts.	Over 9 ounces and not over 10 ounces.
and will give the distinguished nominees of our par- ty, an active, cordial and enthusiastic support."	13 121 51		Cts.	Over 10 ounces and not over 11 ounces.
STAFFORD CO., Aug. 17, 1852.	9 25 6	10	Cts.	Over 11 ounces and not over 1 ounces,
"I have no doubt; from the indications in my own county, that the vote of Virginia can be secu-	10 10H 0	=	Cts.	Over 12 ounces and not over 13 ounces.
red for Scott and Graham. I know of no defection among the Whigs, while many Democrats will	2 22 3	15	Cts.	Over 13 ounces and not over 14 ounces.
throw off the shakles of party, and vote for the man, who, by his services, has entitled himself to		13	Cts.	Over 14 ounces and not over 15 ounces.
their gratitude and support."  Point Pleasant, Mason co., Aug. 9, 1852.	25 55 G	Į.	Cts.	Over 15 ounces and not over 16 ounces.
I GIAT I LEASANT, DIGSON CO., ILUG. D, 1002.	Control of the Contro	Differences	3072	WHEN THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON

Point Pleasant, Mason co., Aug. 9, 1852.

"We are about to organize, and in a few days there will be a Scott Club at every precinct in the county. Our people are in good spirits, and will do their duty in November."

Berkeley Springs, Morgan co., Aug. 13, 1852.

"I think we shall carry this county for Scott and Graham. I know some of the strongest Democrats in the county will vote for Scott and Graham. I know some of the strongest Democrats in the county will vote for Scott and Graham. If the Whigs stand up to the ticket, I believe we can carry the State. I don't think Falkner will influence a single vote in the county, and from what I can learn, very few in the district."

Red House, Charlottee co., Aug. 16, 1852.

"All is right here; and the nominees, Scott and Graham, will no doubt receive the united vote of the Whig party of this section, and we hope many good Democrats will enroll themselves under our banner."

Moorefield, Hardy co., Aug. 11, 1852.

"The Whigs of Hardy are all right, not a 'protesting' man amongst them; and I can now put my finger upon half a score of quondam Democrats, who are out and out for old Chippewa. I am not a man of Sanguine temperament, but I verily believe to the county and for publication to a produce a standard produce and produce and

are out and out for old Chippewa. I am not a man of Sanguine temperament, but I verily believe that with half the enthusiasm that characterized the contest of 1844, Virginia's vote will be secured to Scott."

which would authorize or require the charge of a higher rate of postage thereon.

Quarterly Rates of Postage, when paid in advance, on Newspapers and Periodicals sent from the office of publication to actual Subscribers, from and after the 30th of September, 1852.

Scott."		-	, on	. 14	1 00		50	100
STAUNTON, Aug. 12, 1852. "The canvass has opened here, and I have never seen a finer spirit prevail. * * * An investment in Martin Van Buren pays well, and Joseph Johnson divides harsomely. I think we could		Daily.	Six times a week.	Tri-Weekly	Semi-weekly	Weekly.	Semi-monthly.	Monthly.
afford to pay well for a few wagon loads of 'North- ern men with Southern feelings,' "		Cents	Cents	Cents	Cts	Cts.	Cts.	Cts.
MORGANTOWN, Monongalia co., Aug. 12, 1852. "It affords me pleasure to be able to say, that the Whigs of this region are warm, united, and ac- tive in the support of Gen. Scott. We are anima-	where printed		ite	2 10	O.B	free		
ted by the hope, that the Old Dominion may be carried by the Whigs. We have just commenced the campaign, and every thing looks promising."	riodicals, not ex- ceeding 13 onnce	i i i		0 W			li i	ar \$5
WILMINGTON, Fluvanna co., Aug. 16, 1852. "The Whigs of 'old Flu,' will give a hearty and cordial support to the Whig ticket, and we hope to get many Democrats to go with us.'	lished. News papers and periodicalsof the	551	19]	91	63	31	15	1
ARPOMATTOX CO., Aug. 21, 1852.  "A fine spirit pervades the Whig ranks in our county, and we will be able to give a good account	United States.	454	39	19]	13	G	3	13
of ourselves next fall."	over 3 and not ov-	91	78	39	26	13	6	3
JACKSON, C. H. August 23, 1852.	Over 4 and not		1,17	689	39	193	9	44
"We can carry Virginia, if we are active and turn out well. We are wide awake here, and will	Over 5 and not ov-		1,56	78		26	12	6
carry our county for Scott and Graham. Ohio is safe for Scott. I have seen gentlemen from there.	Over 6 and not over 7 ounces.	2,271	de la contraction de la contra	S. Barre	65	15000	15	75

Pircetions.

1st. When the weight of any publication exceeds eight ounces, the same progressive rate of postage, laid down in the above table, must be charged.

2d. Publishers of newspapers and periodicals may send to each other from their respective offices of publication, free of postage, one copy of each publication; and may also send to each actual subscriber, enclosed in their publications, bills and receipts for the same free of postage.

3d. Postmasters are not entitled to receive newspapers free of postage under their franking privilege.

4th. If the publisher of any newspaper or periodical, after being three months previously notified that his publication is not taken out of the office to which it is sent for delivery, continues to forward such publication is sent will dispose of the same for the postage, unless the publisher shall pay it; and whenever any printed matter of any description, received during one quarter of the fiscal year, shall have remained in the office without being called for during the who'e of any succeeding quarter, the Postmaster of such sale in his quarterly accounts in the usual manner.

5th. Quarterly payments in advance may be made either at the mailing office or the office of delivery. When made at the mailing office or the office of delivery. When made at the mailing office or the office of delivery.

-----INCIDENTS OF THE LAKE ERIE DISASTER .- We find the following incidents connected with the destruction of the Atlantic, in the Milwaukie Sen-

An interesting exhibition was given of "The Faith that saveth,
Hope, that every trial braveth,"

n the case of an aged couple, over seventy, who

ville, Cincinnati, Wheeling, Pittsburgh, Nashville, Mobile and Galveston, on the first day of January next; and in all other districts, on the first day of were drawn on the hurricane deck. The man was frantic with despair, but his wife, in the beautiful assurances of a heavenly trust, brought him to composure and submission.

A young married couple stood together, calculating the chances of the wreck sinking before the propellor reached it. "If it does James," said the young wife, unconscious of any other ear, . be sure to keep fast hold of me, so that we shall go down together."

One lady was seen by Mr. Walbridge, to throw The copy of the act, from which we extract the

her infant into the water, and then leap after it. When the bow went down, the forward cabin broke away from the boat, and floated off with tne House, and the correction was probably made previous to their final adoption .- Balttmore Sun those who were on it, and they were rescued. is possible that some who were struggling in the water near the wreck, might have been helped on to it by those who could swim, but there were two conciderations to hinder these efforts; the almost CINCINNATI PORK ESTABLISHMENT .- A Cincinnati paper, in an article containing an enumeration and description of some of certainty of being drawn under by those clutching wildly at everything, and the expectation that they should all go down together, before help arrived. When the propeller actualy neared the the principal manufactured products of that city, concludes with the following statewreck, and deliverance seemed probable, the ascriptions of praise and thanks to God went up in loud shouts from sincere hearts on bended knees and hands raised to Heaven. The propel-" But after all, the great leading feature of Cincinnati, which has made her wealthy and given her the proud title of Porkopoler came up, and the Captain seeing that they were about to Rush, backed off, and said—"Now, if you do not preserve order, and keep caim, I wiii paddle off and leave you." The effect was instantaneous; silence was obtained; Mr. Osborne lis, is the establishments that cover acres of her territory, appropriated for the curing of pork and hams out of the 250,000 swine that are annually driven into her limits in a loud voice, directed the men to let the wom pass off first—to preserve order and silence: the propeller came alongside—the women and children were handed up first, and every one of that large for sleughter. To those living in the easern cities, not acquainted with the cleanly character of these establishments, we will number were taken on board without one falling into the water. The scenes on the propeller were heart rending.—Danger over, dreadful realemark that they are sometimes occupied by Whigs and Democrats to hold conventions ities forced themselves on the mind, and the strongest sat down and wept. One young man was inconsolable in his agony of grief. "'I have lost my two sisters," said he in the most touchin, and only a few days since one was used for a similar purpose by the Free Soilers. Balls and fairs have been held in them, and in one (at Madison) the sweet | ieg accents, "I could not find them in the dark"

There are in San Francisco, 14 Protestant congregations, and eleven organized churches, with an average attedance of 2,865. There are 483 The number of licenses granted in N. York this year for the sale of liquor, is 5,620. Increased over last year, 704.

The Old Stone Mill lot at Newport, containing one acre and sixty-nine hundredths of an acre, has been sold for building-lots, and brought \$13,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

T. H. LOGAN & CO. (Successors to Paxton & Lake,)

Wholesale and Retail Druggists, And dealers in Paints, Oils, Chemicals, Dye stuffs, Var-nishes, White Lead, Perfumeries, Fancy articles,

e Lead, Perinter. &c., &c., &c., No. 193, Bridge corner, Main st., WHERLING, VA.

20 BOXES LEMONS.
2 Canses Sardines.
2 Bales Bordo Almonds.
5 Boxes Goshen Cheese—Warranted.
Candles as low as any house in the city, warranted to keep dry. For sale at No. 112 Main a sept8-tf. To Western and Southern Merchants. Sexton, Seal & Swearingen, IMPORTERS & JOBBERS OF FANCY DRY GOODS.

No. 11, S. 4th st. between Market and Chesnut Sts. Phil'a. S. W. SEXTON, L. SEAL, A. VAN SWEARINGEN

OFFER to purchasers, the largest assortment of Fancy
Dry Goods in the city. It comprises in part of
Hosiery of all kinds and qualities.
Gloves, Undershirts, Dress Shirts and Collars.
Woollen yarns of different shades and colors.
A fine assortment of Shell Combs,
do do do Buffalo and Imitation Combs.
Brushes of all descriptions

do do Buffalo and Imitation Comos.
Brushes of all descriptions.
Bress and Tailors Trimmings of all kinds.
Burnetts, six cord col'd Spool Cotton.
Perfumery of all kinds.
As well as a great many styles of goods of our own importation, which we cannot here mention, and which are well worthy the attention of byers. We feel we can make it to their interest to give us a trial.

Mantua Making. MRS. TARBELLE, late of N. York; having just returned from the East with a large and well selected assortment of the latest London. Paris fand New York fashions, would be happy to see her friends, and the public generally, at hor house on Main st., Centre Wheeling, a few deors low Brentlinger's drug store, sept8-1wd

Oysters-Oysters.

WE are receiving Fresh Oysters daily, from Haltimore, in cams and half caus, put up expressly for this market and warranted good, HOLT & MALTBY'S ddw-tf Old Established Oyster Depot, Water st. (Gazette and Argus copy.) Fresh Oysters.

THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends, and the public generally, that they are now prepared, at the Isman Quken, to furnish Fresh Oysters and Meals at all hours.

FOX & CO. sept7-tf Main st., opposite Mel S LONG evenings provest LIGHT! AS LONG evenings approach, the demand for a good clear Light, free from smell and smoke, increases.—We respectfully invite all who wish a good light, free from the above objections, to examine the Phosphene Lamps now in use and for sale at the Queensware Store, No. 28 Montree Street, near the Post Office, Wheeling, Va. Another assortment with or without cut shades has just been received sept6

Caps, Caps! 15 DOZEN Men's fine Cloth Caps, just received at the South end of Market Square, Sign of the Black Man

TODD & DEVOL. 10 DOZEN Men's fine Brown and Black Plush Caps, sept6 Just received by TODD & DEVOL. 10 DOZEN Boy's fine Cloth Caps ropp & DEVOL.

4 DOZEN Boy's fine Plush Caps, at the Sign of the Black Boot TODD & DEVOL. 5 DOZEN of Children's Cloth and Silver Velvet Capsi just received at the South end of Market Square, sign of the Black Boot (sept6) TCDD & DEVOL. NOTICE.

W. D. MOTTE, No. 176, Market street, AS commenced receiving from N. York, Philadelphi and Baltimore, his first stock of

And Baltimore, his first stock of

NEW FALL DRY GOODS,

To which he will daily be receiving additions until the assortment is complete.

Without enumerating all the articles he would just say to its customers and every body else whishing to buy, that in he stock may be found goods of the

NEWEST FABRICS, AND DESIGNS,

Staple and house-keeping articles of the best makes and

Staple and house-keeping articles of the best makes an quality, which he offers for sale at such prices as cannot b seat in the city.

Notice to Housekeepers. NEW CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES.

16,000 The Subscriber respectfully informs his cus tomers and the public generally, that he has just returned from the east, and is now receiving the largest, best, and most beautiful stock of Carpets, Rugs, Oil Cloths, etc. etc. ever offered in this city, embracing almost every variety of style and quality that can be found in the Eastern markets, from the finest English Velvets down to a common Rag carpet. This stock has been selected with great care, and purchased under the most favorable circumstances, which will enable me to sell them much lower than the same quality of goods were ever sold in this city. Those in want of goods in my line, will please call and select from my stock of over 16,000 yards, with 160 different patterns, varying in price from 129c. to \$2 per yard. YEW CARPETS AT REDUCED PRICES om 12ic. to §2 per yard. sept4 J. C. HARBOUR, no. 143, Main st.

MORE OIL CLOTHS. AM now receiving a very large and complete stock of Superior Oil Cloths, from one to four yards wide, which ill be sold very low, those in want of goods in this lin will be sold very low, those in want or goods it and will please call, and see the prefixest article ever offered it this city.

J. C. HARROUR, sept4 No. 143 Main street.

Carpet Bags.

20 DOZEN Carpet Bags, all sorts and sizes, just received and for sale cheap, either Wholesale or Retait by L.C. HARBOUK, no. 1/3, Main st.

Fresh Oysters.

FRESH Baltimore Oysters just received, at H. E. PARKER'S,
Main street, opposite Monroe House.

New Fall Goods! THIS morning we will commence opening our Fall stor of Goods, among which may be found the following: DRESS SILKS

DRESS SILKS
Very rich Brocade 4! Silks,
Black & col'd Poult be Sole,
Col'd & bl'k Satin de Chine,
Madame De Rossi Brocades
entirely new,
Col de Actors,
Col entirely new, ro de Afrique

iro de Afrique | tirely new designs.
French Mustin DeLaines Plain and Flgured,
Mourning Silk and Wool Mouslin De Laines.
French Chintzes, very beautiful.
Bombazines, Lupins make, extra.
Our assortment of Fall Shawls is unequaled for elegan Our assortment of Fan Shaddard Variety, consisting of Ermine fur Shawls, all colors.
Thibet Pelm Shawls, all colors.
Crape Shawls, at all pricess, Embroidered and plain.
French Cashmere Shawls.
Bay State and French Plaid shawls.
EMBROIDERIES, &c.

TRIMMINGS, EMBROLDERIES, &C.
Emb roidered Flouncing in Swiss and Jaconet Muslins,
Jaconet and Swiss Edgings and Insortings.
Rich Trimmings in great variety, for dresses,
Trimming Buttons, in new designs.
Pringes and Laces in every width.
Wide illack and colored Velvet Ribbons,
Narrow "do for Trimming.
Trimming Ribbons entirely new style.
sept3
O. W. HEISKELL & Co.

To Country Merchants. To Country Merchants.

M. S. S. KNOX having withdrawn from the firm of McClallen, Knox & Co., the remaining partners have associated with them Mr. Chester D. Knox, (brother of S. Knox), so long and favorably known in the trading public—assuming the style of McClallens and Knox.

They would respectfully inform their old customers (who have so long and liberally sustained them) and all other dealers in Boots and Shoes, that their Fall Stock will be arriving from the 10th to the last of September.

Having been selected with the greatest care and bought for cash, they flatter themselves that in their Fall Stock of Country Merchants on their way cast, they would be pleased to exhibit their stock, and post them inprices, fearlessly challenging a comparison with the markets of Baltimore and Philadelphia.

[sep3] McCLALLENS & KNOX.

For Gentlemen and Ladies. JUST received at the new Music Store, 199 Main street, a large assortment of Piano and Guitar Music; also to the Beat Homan, and Italian Violin and Guitar Strings; to 2 German; no. 3 French best.

J. FICKIESON.

Public Sale. O N the first day of October, I will offer at Public Sale, in front of the Court House, one lot of ground, situated on the North Kast corner of 6th and Guineey streets, East Wheeling: Terms made known on day of sale.

Sept1 Gazette copy and charge this office.

National Telegraph Office. NOTICE.

WHEELING, Sept. 1, 1832

RELLS & CALDWELL. 5 BBLS. HEMP SEED, just received by KELLS & CALDWELL.

500 LBS. PRUSSIATE POTASH, just received and for sale by septi. KELLS & CALDWELL. 20 CARBOYS OIL VITROL, in store and for sale by septi. KELLS & CALDWELL.

BROWN'S ESSENCE JAMAICA GINGER, a valuable tonic and atimulant, for sale by KELLS & CALDWELL

Dill.S'—Eoff's, Todd's, Lee's, Anderson & Scott's, McLane's, Brand reath's Wright's Sugar Coated, liways on hand and for sale by KELLS & CALDWELL

JANARY and Hemp Seed received this day by J. B. VOWELL, 24 Union at

THE PLATFORMS.

THE WHIG PLATFORM.

THE WHIG PLATFORM.

The Whigs of the United States, in convention assembled firmly adhering to the great conservative republican principles by which they are controlled and governed principles by which they are controlled and governed and now, as ever, relying upon the intelligence of the American people, with an abiding confidence in their capitally for self-government, and their continued devotion to the constitution and the Union, do proclaim the following as the political sentiments and determinations, for the establishment and maintenance of which their national organization as a party is effected.

1. The Government of the United States is of a limited character, and it is confined to the exercise of powers expressly granted by the Constitution, and such as may be necessary and proper for carrying the granted power into full execution, and that all powers not thus granted or necessarily implied are expressly reserved to the States reaspectively and to the people.

2. The State governments should be held secure in their reserved rights, and the General Government sustained is its constitutional powers, and the Union should be revered and watched over as "the palladium of our siberties.

2. That while struggling freedom, everywhere entist he warmest sympathy of the Whig party, we still sibert to the doctrines of the Father of his Country, as amounced in his Farewell Address, of keeping ourselves for fower quitting our own to stand upon foreign ground. That our impose on other countries our form of government, by artifice or force, but to teach by example, and showly our success, moderation, and justice, the blessings of self-givenment, and the advantages of free institutions, and trestifies, as they would retain their self-respect, and the respect which they should obey its Constitution, laws, and tresties, as they would retain their self-respect, and the respect which they claim, and will enforce, from foreign powers.

ities, as they would retain their self-respect, and the it spect which they claim, and will enforce, from foreign powers.

6. Government should be conducted upon principles of the strictest economy, and revenue sufficient for the expenses thereof, in time of peace, ought to be mainly derived from a duty on imports, and not from direct taxe, and in levying such duties, sound policy requires a just discrimination and protection from fraud by specifie detics, when practicable, whereby suitable encouragement may be assured to American industry, equally to sil class that the constitution vests in Congress the power to open and repair harbors, and remove obstructions from navipable rivers; and it is expedient that Congress shall exercise that power whenever such improvements are necessary for the common defence or for the protection and facility of commerce with foreign nations or among the States; such improvements being, in every instance, national and general in their character.

7. The Federal and State Governments are parts of one system, alike necessary for the common prosperity, peace, and security, and ought to be regarded alike with a cordial habitual, and immoveable attachment. Respect for the authority of each, and acquiescence in the constitutional measures of each, are duties required by the plainest sonsideration of national, of State, and individual welface.

8. The series of acts of the 31st Congress, commonly known as the Compromise or Adjustment. (the act for the recovery of fugitives from labor included,) are received and acquiesced in by the Whigs of the United States as final settlement, in principle and substance, of the subsets to which they relate, and so far as these acts are concerned, we will maintain them, and insist on their enforcement, until time and experience shall demonstrate the precessity of further legislation to guard against the evasion of the laws on the other, not impairing their present efficiency to carry out the requirements of the Constitution, and we depre-

laws on the one hand, and the abuse of their powers on the other, not impairing their present efficiency to carry out the requirements of the Constitution, and we deprecate all further agitation of the questions thus settled, a dangerous to our peace, and will discountenance all efforts to continue or renew such agitation, whenever, wherever, or however made; and we will maintain this settlement as essential to the nationality of the Whig party and the integrity of the Union.

DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM.

1. "Resolved, That the American Democracy place their trust in the intelligence the patriotism, and the discrimanation of the American people.

11. "Resolved, That we regard this as a distinctive feature of our political creed, which we are proud to maintain before the world as the great moral element in a form of government springing from and upheld by the popular will; and we contrast it with the creed and practice of ederatism, under whatever name or form, which seeks to palsy the will of the constituent, and which conceives no imposture too monstrows for the public creduity.

11. "Resolved, therefore, That, entertaining theseviews, the Democratic party of this Union, through their delegates assembled in general convention, coming together in a spirit of concord, of devotion to the doctrines and faith of a free representative Government, and appealing to their fellow-citizens for the rectitude of their intentions, renew and re-assert before the American people the declarations of principles avowed by them when, on former occasions, in general convention, they have presented their candidates for the popular suffrages:

"1. That the Federal Government is one of limited powers, derived solely from the Constitution, and the grants of power therein ought to be strictly construed by all the departments and agents of the Government; and that its inexpedient and dangerous to exercise doubtful constitutional powers.

"2. That the Constitution does not confer upon the Ges.

inexpedient and dangerous to exercise doubtful consiliational powers.

"2. That the Constitution does not confer upon the Geeral Government the power to commence and carry ona
general system of internal improvements.

"3. That the Constitution does not confer authority upon the Federal Government, directly or indirectly, to as
some the debts of the several States, contracted for local
and internal improvements or other State-purposes; nor
would such assumption be just or expedient.

"4. That justice and sound policy forbid the Federal
Government to foster one branch of industry to the detriment of any other, or to cheris h the interests of one portion to the injury of another portion of our common country; that every citizen, and every section of the country,
has a right to remand and insist upon an equality of rights
and privileges, and to complete and ample protections
persons and property from domestic violence or foreign
aggression. Is the duty of every branch of the Govern

and privileges, and to complete and ample protections of persons and property from domestic violence or foreign aggression.

"5. That is the duty of every branch of the Government to enforce and practise the most rigid economy in conducting our public affairs, and that no more reverse ought to be raised than is required to defray the necessary expenses of the Government, and for the gradual but certain extinction of the problic debt.

"6. That Congress has no power to charter a National Bank; that we believe such an institution one of deady hostility to the best interests of the country, dangerous to our republican institutions and the liberties of the people and calculated to place the business of the country within the control of a concentrated money power, and above the laws and the will of the people; and that the results of Democratic legislation, in this and all other financial measures upon which issues have been made between the two political parties of the country, have demonstrated, is candid and practical men of all parties, their soundress safety, and utility in all business pursuits.

"7. That the separation of the moneys of the government from banking institutions is 'indispensable for its safety of the funds of the Government and the rights of the people.

"8. That the liberal principles embodied by Jefferronic or the control of the flower ment and the rights of the people.

"8. That the liberal principles embodied by Jeffersoni the Declaration of Independence, and sanctioned is the Constitution, which makes ours the land of liberty and the asylum of the oppressed of every nation, have ever been cardinal principles in the Democratic faith; and every it tempt to abridge the privilege of becoming citizens and the owners of soil among us ought to be resisted with the same spirit which swept the alien and sedition laws fromez statute books.

statute books.

"9. That Congress has no power, under the Constitution, to interfere with or control the domestic institution of the several States, and that such States are the sole in proper judges of everything appertaining to their ownstairs, not prohibited by the Constitution; that all efforts the Abolitionists or others made to induce Congress to teriers with questions of slavery, or, to take incipient sepin relation thereto, are calculated to lead to the most all

fairs, not prohibited by the Constitution, that all efforts the Abolitionists or others made to induce Congress to iterfere with questions of slavery, or to take incipient step in relation thereto, are calculated to lead to the most shaming and dangerous consequences; and that all such effort have an inevitable fendency to diminish the havicand he people and endanger the stability and permaying the Union, and ought not to be countenanced by any and of our positical institutions.

1V. "Newleyd. That the foregoing proposition coverand was intended to embrace the whole subject of slaver agitation in Congress; and therefore the Democratic pair of the Union, standing on this national platform, will shib by and adhere to a faithful execution of the acts knowns the Compromise measure settled by the last Congress, the which act, being designed to carry out an express provisio of the Constitution, cannot, with fidelity there's include which act, being designed to carry out an express provisio of the Constitution, cannot, with fidelity there, be rejected or so changed as to destroy or impair its efficiency. V. "Newleyded," That the Penocratic party will resist at tempts at renewing, in Congress or out of it, the aginize of the stavery question, under whatever shape or coor the attempt may be made.

VI. "Resolved, That the proceeds of the public land ought to be sacredly applied to the national objects specific in the Constitution, and that we are decidedly opposed to taking from the President the qualified to the Constitution.

VII. "Resolved, That the public interest, to suspend the is enabled, under restrictions, and responsibilities analysificient to guard the public interest, to suspend the page of a bill whose merits cannot secure the approval two-thirds of the Seates and House of Representatives unit be judgment of the people can be obtained thereon, as which has saved the American people from the corrupt is sufficient to guard the public interest, to suspend the page of a bill whose merits cannot secure the approv

The Oil of Grape Vine. THIS Oll is the result of twenty years' investigation by French Physician, and is now extensively used French Physician, and is now extensively used i rance, both for the purpose of keeping the hair glossy, and estoring it in bald places. restoring it in bald places.

This Oil is particularly recommended, as it will reade
the Hair soft, glossy, and pliable, besides making it about
two shades darker.

wo shades darker.

Prepared only by Dr. Fontain, Paris, 25 cts per. bottle.

For sale by J. B. VOWELL, 21 Unioss. Trustee's Sale.

Wanted for Rent.

FOR SALE.

A TWO story Brick Dwelling house, being a dwelling house, being a dwelling house, being a dwelling house, being a dwelling house is 60 by 21 ft. deep—A whole lot. Enquire of CALEB MERRIMAN and 26.31d.nd

A COMFORTABLE House, suitable for a small family with yard, hydrant, dec. attached. A small contains would be preferred. Enquire at the counting room of the Daily Intelligencer.

W HITE LEAD, Linseed Oil, Turpentine, Lamp black, Chrome Vellow, Venitian Red, Chrome Green; Gold French and Silver Leaf For sale by sepi J. B. VOWELL, 24 Union st.